By: Castro, et al. H.B. No. 1722

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the proceedings that may be referred to and the powers
3	of a criminal law magistrate in Bexar County.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 54.906, Government Code, is amended by
6	amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) to read as
7	follows:
8	(a) A judge may refer to a magistrate any criminal case for
9	proceedings involving:
10	(1) a bond forfeiture;
11	(2) a pretrial motion;
12	(3) a postconviction writ of habeas corpus;
13	(4) an examining trial;
14	(5) the issuance of search warrants, including a
15	search warrant under Article 18.02(10), Code of Criminal Procedure,
16	notwithstanding Article 18.01(c), Code of Criminal Procedure;
17	(6) the setting of bonds;
18	(7) the arraignment of defendants; [and]
19	(8) a plea of guilty or nolo contendere from a
20	defendant charged with:
21	(A) a felony;
22	(B) a Class C misdemeanor; or
23	(C) any misdemeanor if the defendant is charged
24	with both misdemeanor and felony offenses; and

```
1
               (9) any other matter the judge considers necessary and
   proper[, including a negotiated plea of guilty before the court].
2
          (c) Subsection (a)(5) does not apply to the issuance of a
 3
   subsequent search warrant under Article 18.02(10), Code of Criminal
4
5
   Procedure.
6
          SECTION 2. Section 54.908, Government Code, is amended to
7
   read as follows:
          Sec. 54.908.
8
                        POWERS.
                                    (a) Except as limited by an order of
   referral, a magistrate to whom a case is referred may:
                (1) conduct hearings;
10
               (2) hear evidence;
11
                     compel production of relevant evidence;
12
               (3)
                     rule on admissibility of evidence;
13
               (4)
14
               (5)
                     issue summons for the appearance of witnesses;
15
               (6)
                     examine witnesses;
               (7)
                     swear witnesses for hearings;
16
17
               (8)
                    make findings of fact on evidence;
                     formulate conclusions of law;
               (9)
18
                    rule on a pretrial motion;
19
                (10)
20
                     recommend the rulings, orders, or judgment to be
                (11)
21
   made in a case;
                (12) regulate proceedings in a hearing;
22
                      accept a plea of guilty or nolo contendere [for a
23
24
   misdemeanor] from a defendant charged with:
25
                     (A) a felony;
                     (B) a Class C misdemeanor; or
26
                     (C) any [both] misdemeanor if the defendant is
```

27

- 1 charged with both misdemeanor and felony offenses; [and]
- 2 (14) notwithstanding Article 18.01(c), Code of
- 3 Criminal Procedure, issue a search warrant under Article 18.02(10),
- 4 Code of Criminal Procedure; and
- 5 (15) do any act and take any measure necessary and
- 6 proper for the efficient performance of the duties required by the
- 7 order of referral.
- 8 (b) A magistrate does not have authority under Subsection
- 9 (a)(14) to issue a subsequent search warrant under Article
- 10 18.02(10), Code of Criminal Procedure.
- 11 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 12 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 13 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 14 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 15 Act takes effect September 1, 2009.